

to said computer system for controlling operation of the array,
means for linking any defective ones of said plurality
of sectors to others of said sectors, and
means for accessing linked others of said sectors in
place of said defective sectors.--

--64. The memory system card of claim 63 wherein said
linking means is stored in the array.--

--65. The memory system card of claim 63 wherein said
accessing means is within the controller.--

--66. The memory system card of claim 63 wherein said
accessing means is within a processor of the computer system.--

--67. The memory system card of claim 63 wherein said
memory card is characterized by being compatible with a magnetic
disk drive storage system and capable of substituting therefor in
said computer system.--

--68. The memory system card of claim 63 wherein said
sector linking means includes a list of defect pointers which map
defective sectors into one of the others of said sectors.--

--69. The memory system card of claim 68 which
additionally comprises means responsive to a number of defective
cells within a particular sector exceeding a certain number for
adding a defect pointer to said list for mapping said particular
sector into another sector.--

--70. A method of operating a computer system
including a processor and a memory system, wherein the memory
system includes an array of non-volatile floating gate memory
cells partitioned into a plurality of sectors that individually
include a distinct group of said array of memory cells that are
erasable together as a unit, and a controller connectable to said
processor for controlling operation of the array, comprising:

identifying when a sector becomes defective,
storing an address of the defective sector in a sector
defect map,

linking with the defective sector address in the defect
map an address of another sector that is not defective, and